

# English M.4

Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

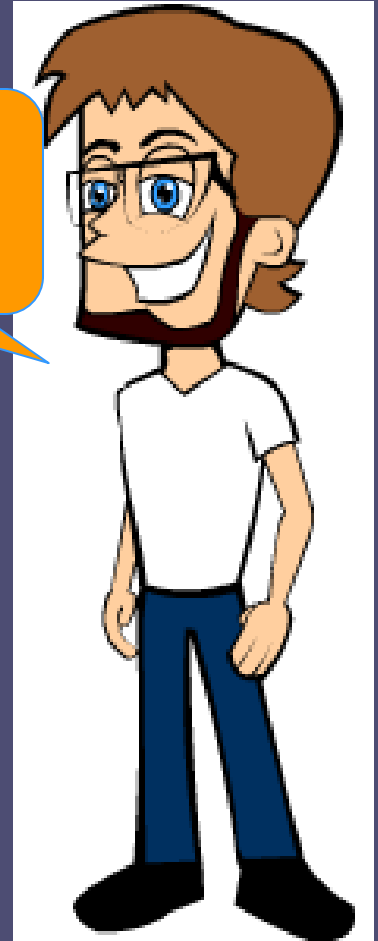
ครั้งที่ 1

# Direct (Reporting) Speech

คือ คำพูดที่ผู้พูดเป็นผู้ พูดเอง เช่น

"I love you  
the most."

Ben said to me, "I love you the most."



# Indirect (Reported) Speech

คือ การนำคำพูดที่ได้ยินมาแล้วให้คนอื่นฟัง

เช่น

Ben told me that  
he loved me.



"I love you."





# Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

○ **Direct speech** means to say exactly what the other one said. Quotation marks have to be used in a direct speech.

- Kate said, "I am going swimming."
  - "The dinner will be ready in ten minutes"
- my mother said.






# Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

○ **Indirect speech** refers to a sentence expressing what the other said. Quotation marks are not used in an indirect speech.

- Kate said she was going swimming.
- My mother said the dinner would be ready in ten minutes.

- 
- However, in an **indirect speech**, the tense should be changed; that is because when an indirect speech is used, it is always used to talk about a time in the past.
  - Sometimes an **indirect speech** will use a reporting verb such as tell, ask and say.



## หลักการเปลี่ยนจาก Direct Speech เป็น Indirect Speech

1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verbs
2. เปลี่ยน Personal Pronoun
3. เปลี่ยน Tense ให้เป็นอดีตมากขึ้น
4. เปลี่ยน Adv. of time และ Adv. of place



# 1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verb

Say      เปลี่ยนเป็น      **Say that** .....

Said      เปลี่ยนเป็น      ..... ..

Say to      เปลี่ยนเป็น      ..... ..

Said to      เปลี่ยนเป็น      ..... ..



# Exercise: Reported Speech

1. He says, "I can swim."

(He says that he can swim.)

.....

2. He said, "I can do this for you."

(He said that he could do that for me)

.....

# Exercise: Reported Speech

3. He said, "I love you."

(He said that he loved me.)

.....

4. She said to me, "I picked a rose  
yesterday."

(She told me that she had picked a rose previous day.)

.....

# Exercise: Reported Speech

5. John said, "I am reading now."

(John said that he was reading then.)

.....

6. Kate said to Nan, "Henry will come here."

(Kate told Nan that Henry would go there.)

.....

# ● ● ● ○ Changing verb tenses:

## Direct speech

Present Simple

Present Continuous

Present Perfect Simple

Present Perfect Continuous



## Reported speech

Past Simple

Past Continuous

Past Perfect Simple

Past Perfect Continuous





# ○ Changing verb tenses:

<b>Direct speech</b>
Past Simple
Past Continuous
Past Perfect



<b>Reported speech</b>
Past Perfect Simple
Past Perfect Continuous
Past Perfect



# Modals

## DIRECT

- Can
- May
- Must/Have to/  
Has to
- Shall
- Will

## INDIRECT

could  
might  
} had to  
should  
would

Note: Past Modals are unchanged.



# Examples:

Direct speech	Indirect speech
<b>Present simple</b> She said, "It's cold."	<b>Past simple</b> She said it ..... cold.
<b>Present continuous</b> She said, "I'm teaching English online."	<b>Past continuous</b> She said she .....English online.
<b>Present perfect</b> She said, "I've been on the web since 1999."	<b>Past perfect</b> She said she .....on the web since 1999.

## Direct speech

### Past simple

She said, "I taught online yesterday."

### Past continuous

She said, "I was teaching earlier."

### Past perfect

She said, "The lesson had already started when he arrived."

## Indirect speech

### Past perfect

She said she .....online yesterday.

### Past perfect continuous

She said she .....earlier.

### Past perfect

NO CHANGE



Direct speech	Indirect speech
<b>Modals</b> "I can/will/might see later", he said	<b>Modals</b> He said he ..... see me later.

# Changing pronouns, personal and possessive.

Direct speech		
I	me	my
We	us	ours



Reported speech		
he / she	him / her	his / her
they	them	their

## Direct Speech

John said, "I am coming."

## Indirect Speech

John said that ..... was coming.

# TIME AND PLACE CHANGES

It is often necessary to make time and place changes in relation to tense changes: Time expressions

Direct speech		Reported speech
Now	→	then
Today	→	that day
Tonight	→	that night
Yesterday	→	the day before
Tomorrow	→	the following day / the next day
next day / week / month / year	→	the following day / week / month / year



# TIME AND PLACE CHANGES

It is often necessary to make time and place changes in relation to tense changes: Time expressions

Direct speech		Reported speech
The day after tomorrow	→	Two days after
The day before yesterday	→	Two days before
last week / month / year	→	The previous week/ month/ year



# Place expressions:

Direct speech
Here
This
These
come



Reported speech
there
that
those
go



## Direct Speech

John said, “I did this exercise last night.”

## Indirect Speech

John said that he had done .....  
exercise.....the previous night

## Reported Speech

Look at the girl on the right. We would turn the statement into the reported speech by changing:

- the verb from the present simple to the past simple
  - the personal pronoun I to she
  - the possessive pronoun my to her
- The sentence would then be:

The girl said she loved her new dress.



## Reported Speech

The girl said her mother gave  
her new dolls regularly.



# Reported Speech

My book  
is being very  
interesting!

The woman said her book was  
being very interesting.



# Reported Speech

I was so tired I passed  
out on the middle  
of the street.

The man said he had been so  
tired he passed out on the  
middle of the street.



# Reported Speech

The woman said it had been  
years since she  
had had that much fun.





## Reported Speech

The girl said she would  
catch a fish that day.





## Reported Speech

The man yelled at  
me to stop.





## หลักการเปลี่ยนจาก Direct Speech เป็น Indirect Speech

1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verbs
2. เปลี่ยน Personal Pronoun
3. เปลี่ยน Tense ให้เป็นอดีตมากขึ้น
4. เปลี่ยน Adv. of time และ Adv. of place



# Reported Speech: Exercise

1. He said, "I make this table here today."

---

He said that he made that table there that day.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

2. Charoon said to me, "We are staying here now."

---

Charoon told me that they were staying there at that time.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

3. She said, “I have finished my work”

---

She said that she had finished her work.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

4. He said to me, “I sent a letter to my sister yesterday.”

---

He told me that he had sent a letter to his sister the previous day.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

5. Sri said to me, “I will come here again next year.”

---

Sri told me that she would so there again the year after.





# Reported Speech: Exercise

6. He said, “This man shall do this for me.”

---

He said that man should do that for him.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

7. He said, “I can go there alone.”

.....

He said that he could go there alone.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

7. She said, “My husband may come today.”

---

She said that her husband might go that day.



# Reported Speech: Exercise

8. He said to his friend, “I must finish my work.”

---

He told this friend that he had to finish his work.



# English M.4

Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

ครั้งที่ 1





# English M.4

Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

ครั้งที่ 1

# Direct (Reporting) Speech

คือ คำพูดที่ผู้พูดเป็นผู้พูดเอง เช่น

"I love you  
the most."

Ben said to me, "I love you the most."





# Indirect (Reported) Speech

คือการนำคำพูดที่ได้ยินมาแล้วให้คนอื่นฟัง

เช่น

Ben told me that  
he loved me.



"I love you"



# Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

o **Direct speech** means to say exactly what the other one said. Quotation marks have to be used in a direct speech.


- Kate said, "I am going swimming."
- "The dinner will be ready in ten minutes" my mother said.

# Direct Speech & Indirect Speech

○ Indirect speech refers to a sentence expressing what the other said. Quotation marks are not used in an indirect speech.

- Kate said she was going swimming.
- My mother said the dinner would be ready in ten minutes.





- However, in an **indirect speech**, the tense should be changed; that is because when an indirect speech is used, it is always used to talk about a time in the past.

ဒီလိုပဲ

- Sometimes an **indirect speech** will use a reporting verb such as tell, ask and say.

● ● ● | หลักการเปลี่ยนจาก Direct Speech

เป็น Indirect Speech

1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verbs

said told  
say / tell / ask

2. เปลี่ยน Personal Pronoun

3. เปลี่ยน Tense ให้เป็นอดีตมากขึ้น

s-v agreement

4. เปลี่ยน Adv. of time และ Adv. of place

1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verb  
s-v agreement

Say เปลี่ยนเป็น ..... Say that

Said เปลี่ยนเป็น ..... said that

Say to เปลี่ยนเป็น ..... tell ... that

Said to . เปลี่ยนเป็น ..... told ... that



# Exercise: Reported Speech

1. He says, "I can swim." *direct speech*

*(He says that he can swim)*

He says that he can swim.

2. He said, "I can do this for you."

*(He said that he could do that for me)*

He said that he could do  
this for you.

# Exercise: Reported Speech

3. He said, "I love you."

(He said that he loved me.)

He said that he loved me.

4. She said to me, "I picked a rose yesterday."

(She told me that she had picked a rose previous day.)

She told me that she had  
picked a rose previous day.



# Exercise: Reported Speech

5. John said, "I am reading now."  
(John said that he was reading then.)

John said that he was reading then.

6. Kate said to Nan, "Henry will come here."  
(Kate told Nan that Henry would go there.)

Kate told Nan that Henry  
would go there.

# Changing verb tenses:

मा = 6077

More past

## Direct speech

Present Simple

S + V<sub>1</sub> (-s, -es)

Present Continuous

S + is/am/are + V-ing

Present Perfect Simple

S + have/has + V<sub>3</sub>

Present Perfect Continuous

S + have/has + been + V-ing

→

→

→

→

## Reported speech

Past Simple

S + V<sub>2</sub> -ed  
was/were ✓

Past Continuous

S + was/were + V-ing

Past Perfect Simple

S + had + V<sub>3</sub>

Past Perfect Continuous

S + had + been + V-ing

# Changing verb tenses:

more past

## Direct speech

Past Simple

S + V<sub>2</sub>  $\leftarrow$  <sup>-e, d</sup>  
เปลี่ยนรูป

Past Continuous

S + was/were + V-ing

Past Perfect

S + had + V<sub>3</sub>



## Reported speech

Past Perfect Simple

S + had + V<sub>3</sub>

Past Perfect Continuous

S + had + been + V-ing

Past Perfect

S + had + V<sub>3</sub>



# Modals

more past

## DIRECT Speech

• Can สามารถ

• May อาจ

• Must/Have to/

Has to ต้อง

• Shall

• Will

## INDIRECT Speech

could

might

had to

should

would

Note: Past Modals are unchanged.

# Examples:

more Past  $\Rightarrow$  verb  
 $\rightarrow$  tense

Direct speech	Indirect speech
<b>Present simple</b> She said, "It's cold."	<b>Past simple</b> $S + V_2$ She said it <u>was</u> cold. <u>that</u>
<b>Present continuous</b> She said, "I'm teaching English online."	<b>Past continuous</b> $S + was + V_{ing}$ She said she <u>was teaching</u> English online.
<b>Present perfect</b> $S + have/has + V_3$ She said, "I've been on the web since 1999."	<b>Past perfect</b> $S + had + V_3$ She said she <u>had been</u> on the web since 1999.



more past  $\Rightarrow$   $\text{အိုကော့ကော့}$

## Direct speech

### Past simple

She said, "I taught online yesterday."

### Past continuous

She said, "I was teaching earlier."

### Past perfect

She said, "The lesson had already started when he arrived."

## Indirect speech

### Past perfect

She said she ..... online yesterday.

$S + \text{had} + V_3$   
 $S + \text{had} + \text{been} + V\text{-ing}$

### Past perfect continuous

She said she ..... earlier.

$S + \text{had} + \text{been} + V\text{-ing}$

### Past perfect

NO CHANGE



Direct speech	Indirect speech
<p><b>Modals</b></p> <p>"I can/will/<del>might</del> see later", he said</p>	<p><b>Modals</b></p> <p>He said he <del>could/would/might</del> see me later.</p>

# Changing pronouns, personal and possessive.

Direct speech		
I	<sup>1<sup>st</sup> person</sup> me	my
We	us	ours



Reported speech		
he / she	<sup>3<sup>rd</sup> person</sup> him / her	his / her
they	them	their



Direct Speech

John said, "I am coming."

Indirect Speech

John said that ..... was coming.



# TIME AND PLACE CHANGES

It is often necessary to make time and place changes in relation to tense changes: Time expressions

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<del>Today</del>	→	that day
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# TIME AND PLACE CHANGES

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Direct speech		Reported speech
The day after tomorrow	→	Two days after
The day before yesterday	→	Two days before
last week / month / year	→	The previous week/ month/ year



# Place expressions:

Direct speech		Reported speech
Here	→	there
This	→	that
These	→	those
come		go





## Direct Speech

John said, "I did this exercise last night."

## Indirect Speech

John said that he had done ..... <sup>that</sup>  
exercise..... <sup>the previous night</sup>

## Reported Speech

อดีตมากขึ้น  
more past

Look at the girl on the right. We would turn the statement into the reported speech by changing:

→ the verb from the present simple to the past simple

→ the personal pronoun I to she

→ the possessive pronoun my to her

The sentence would then be:

The girl said she loved her new dress.







## Reported Speech

direct  
speeches

My mother  
gives me new  
dolls regularly.

19

that past

The girl said her mother gave  
her new dolls regularly.





## Reported Speech

direct speech



The woman said her book was  
being very interesting.



## Reported Speech

Direct Speech

“I was so tired I passed  
out on the middle  
of the street.”

past perfect

The man said he had been so  
tired he passed out on the  
middle of the street.



Reported Speech

Direct speech

It has been  
years since I've  
had this much  
fun!

that past perfect

The woman said it had been  
years since she  
had had that much fun.  
past perfect





Reported Speech

modals + V<sub>1</sub>

The girl said she would  
catch a fish that day.





## Reported Speech

The man yelled at  
me to stop.



หลักการเปลี่ยนจาก Direct Speech

เป็น Indirect Speech

1. เปลี่ยน Reporting Verbs

tell / told

Say / said

We → they

2. เปลี่ยน Personal Pronoun

I → he / she

more past

3. เปลี่ยน Tense ให้เป็นอดีตมากขึ้น

/ modals

4. เปลี่ยน Adv. of time และ Adv. of place



# Reported Speech: Exercise

1. He said, "I make this table here today."

present simple

He said <sup>that</sup> he made ~~this~~ table

there that day.

He said that he made that table there that day.

# Reported Speech: Exercise

2. Charoon said to me, "We are staying here now."

told me that  
Charoon ~~said that~~ they were

---

staying there at that time.

Charoon told me that they were staying there at that time.

# Reported Speech: Exercise

Present perfect

3. She said, "I have finished my work"

She said that she had finished

her work.

She said that she had finished her work.



## Reported Speech: Exercise

past simple → past perfect

4. He said to me, "I sent a letter to my sister yesterday."

He told me that he had sent

He told me that he had sent a letter to his sister the previous day.

a letter to his sister the  
previous day.

## Reported Speech: Exercise

5. Sri said to me, "I will come here again next year."

Sri told me that she would

Sri told me that she would go there again the year after.

~~to~~ go there again the following  
year.

## Reported Speech: Exercise

6. He said, "This man shall do this for me."

He said that that man should

do that for him.